

CL74AUP1G17 Low-Power Single Schmitt-Trigger Buffer

General Description

The bus buffer gate is designed for 0.8-V to 3.6-V VCC operation.

The CL74AUP1G17 device contains one inverter and performs the Boolean function Y = A. The device functions as an independent gate with Schmitt-trigger inputs, which allows for slow input transition and better switching-noise immunity at the input.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off}. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs when the device is powered down. This inhibits current backflow into the device which prevents damage to the device.

The CL74AUP1G17 device is available in a variety of packages, including SOT23-5, SC70.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Marking	Package
CL74AUP1G17_235	P17XW	SOT-23-5
CL74AUP1G17_70	PHXW	SC70

Features

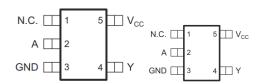
- Inputs Accept Voltages 0.8V to 3.6 V
- Includes Schmitt-Trigger inputs
- Max Tpd of 5.4 ns at 3.3 V
- Low Static-Consumption, 0.9-μA Max I_{CC}
- Low Noise Overshoot and Undershoot<10% of Vcc

- Ioff Supports Live Insertion, Partial-Power-Down Mode, and Back-Drive Protection
- Input Hysteresis Allows Slow Input Transition and Better Switching Noise Immunity at Input(V_{hys}= 250mV Typical 3.3V)
- 3.6V I/O Tolerant to Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation
- Suitable for Point-to-Point Applications
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

Applications

- Grid Infrastructure
- PC & Notebooks
- Tablets
- Factory Automation & Control
- Gaming
- Server

Pin Configuration



Simplified Schematic





Pin Assignment

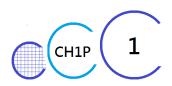
Pin Name	Pin No.	Pin Function
NC	1	No Connect
Α	2	Input
GND	3	Ground
Υ	4	Output
VCC	5	Power pin

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note1)

• V _{CC}	-0.5V to $+4.6V$
• V ₁	-0.5V to $+4.6V$
● V _O (Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state)	0.3V to +4.6V
◆ V _O (Voltage range applied to any output in the high or slow state)	-0.3V to V_{CC} +0.3V
• Input clamp current	
• Output clamp current	50mA
• Continuous output current	±20mA
• Storage Temperature	65°C to 150°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	Operating	0.8		3.6	V
Input voltage	Vı		0		3.6	V
Output voltage	Vo		0		VCC	V
		V _{CC} = 0.8V			-20	uA
	I _{OH}	$V_{CC} = 1.1V$			-1.1	mA
Utab lavalavkavkavak		V _{CC} = 1.4V			-1.7	
High- level output current		V _{CC} = 1.65V			-1.9	
		V _{CC} = 2.3V			-3.1	
		$V_{CC} = 3V$			-4	
		V _{CC} = 0.8V			20	uA
		V _{CC} = 1.1V			1.1	
Lavo laval avikavik avimank		V _{CC} = 1.4V			1.7	mA
Low- level output current	I_{OL}	V _{CC} = 1.65V			1.9	
		V _{CC} = 2.3V			3.1	
		$V_{CC} = 3V$			4	
Operating temperature	T _A		-40		85	°C



Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
		V _{CC} = 0.8V	0.3		0.6		
Positive-going input		V _{CC} = 1.1V	0.53		0.9		
	\	V _{CC} = 1.4V	0.74		1.11	.,	
threshold voltage	V_{T+}	V _{CC} = 1.65V	0.91		1.29	V	
		V _{CC} = 2.3V	1.37		1.77		
		V _{CC} = 3V	1.88		2.29		
		V _{CC} = 0.8V	0.1		0.6		
		V _{CC} = 1.1V	0.26		0.65		
Negative-going input		V _{CC} = 1.4V	0.39		0.75	.,	
threshold voltage	V_{T-}	V _{CC} = 1.65V	0.47		0.84	V	
		V _{CC} = 2.3V	0.69		1.04		
		V _{CC} = 3V	0.88		1.24		
		V _{CC} = 0.8V	0.07		0.5		
		V _{CC} = 1.1V	0.08		0.46	V	
		V _{CC} = 1.4V	0.18		0.56		
Hysteresis voltage	$\triangle V_T$	V _{CC} = 1.65V	0.27		0.66		
		V _{CC} = 2.3V	0.53		0.92		
		V _{CC} = 3V	0.79		1.31		
		V _{CC} = 0.8~3.6V, I _{OH} = -20uA	VCC-0.1				
		V _{CC} = 1.1V, I _{OH} = -1.1mA	0.75xV _{cc}				
		V _{CC} = 1.4V, I _{OH} = -1.7mA	1.11				
I Cala I a cal a catacata calta a a		V _{CC} = 1.65V, I _{OH} = -1.9mA	1.32				
High- level output voltage	V_{OH}	V _{CC} = 2.3V, I _{OH} = -2.3mA	2.05			- V -	
		V _{CC} = 2.3V, I _{OH} = -3.1mA	1.9				
		V _{CC} = 3V, I _{OH} = -2.7mA	2.72				
		V _{CC} = 3V, I _{OH} = -4mA	2.6				
		V _{CC} = 0.8~3.6V, I _{OL} = 20uA			0.1		
		V _{CC} = 1.1V, I _{OL} = 1.1mA			0.3xV _{CC}		
		V _{CC} = 1.4V, I _{OL} = 1.7mA			0.31		
La la da la la distri	.,	V _{CC} = 1.65V, I _{OL} = 1.9mA			0.31	.,	
Low- level output voltage	V_{OL}	V _{CC} = 2.3V, I _{OL} = 2.3mA			0.31	V	
		V _{CC} = 2.3V, I _{OL} = 3.1mA			0.44		
		V _{CC} = 3V, I _{OL} = 2.7mA			0.31		
		$V_{CC} = 3V$, $I_{OL} = 4mA$			0.44	-	
Input leakage current	I _I	V _{IN} = 3.6V or GND, V _{CC} = 0~3.6V			0.1	uA	
Power off leakage current	I _{OFF}	V _I or V _O =0V to 3.6V, V _{CC} =0V			0.2	uA	
Supply current	Icc	V_{I} = GND or (V_{CC} to 3.6V), I_{OUT} =0, V_{CC} =0.8~3.6V			0.5	uA	
Additional supply current per input pin	ΔI _{cc}	V _I = V _{CC} -0.6V, I _{OUT} =0			40	uA	





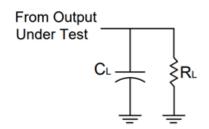
Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
		V _{CC} = 0.8V			27.6		
		$V_{CC} = 1.2V \pm 0.1V$,		7.8	10.1	14.8	
Propagation delay from	-	V _{CC} = 1.5V±0.1V,	C∟=15pF	5.8	7.4	10.3]
input(A or B) to output(Y)	T_{PD}	V _{CC} = 1.8V±0.15V	$R_L=1M\Omega$	5	6.1	8.8	ns
		V _{cc} = 2.5V±0.2V		4	4.7	6.4	
		V _{CC} = 3.3V±0.3V		3.5	4.1	5.4	

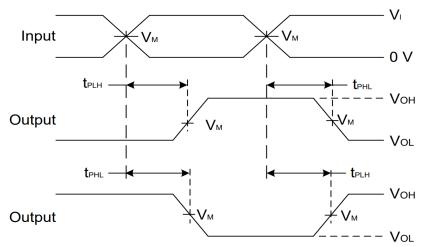




Parameter Measurement Information



VICC	INPUTS			6	Б
VCC	Vı	t _r /t _f	V _M	C_L	R_L
0.8V	V_{CC}	≦2ns	V _{cc} /2	15pF	1M Ω
$1.2V \pm 0.1V$	V_{CC}	≦2ns	V _{cc} /2	15pF	1M Ω
1.5V ± 0.1V	V_{CC}	≦2ns	V _{cc} /2	15pF	1M Ω
1.8V ± 0.15V	V_{cc}	≦2ns	V _{cc} /2	15pF	1M Ω
2.5V ± 0.2V	3V	≤2.5ns	1.5V	15pF	1M Ω
$3.3V \pm 0.3V$	V _{cc}	≤2.5ns	V _{cc} /2	15pF	1M Ω



Voltage Waveform Propagation Delay Times Inverting and Non Inverting Outputs

Notes: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance

B. All pulses and supplied at pulse repetition rate ≤ 10MHz

C. The Inputs are measured separately one transition per measurement

D. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{PD}



IC Operation Information

Basic Operation

This device functions as an independent gate with Schmitt-trigger inputs, which allows for slow input transition and better switching-noise immunity at the input.

The AUP family is the solution to the industry's low power needs in battery-powered portable applications. This family assures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire VCC range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V, resulting in an increased battery life.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using loff. The loff circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered.

Function Block Diagram



Feature Description

- Wide operating Vcc range of 0.8V to 3.6V.
- 3.6-V I/O tolerant to support down translation.
- Input hysteresis allows slow input transition and better switching noise immunity at the input.
- loff feature allows voltages on the inputs and outputs when V_{CC} is 0 V.
- · Low noise due to slower edge rates.

Device Functional Table

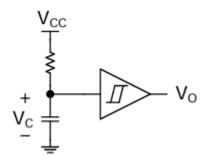
INPUT A	OUTPUT Y
Н	Н
L	L

CL74AUP1G17

IC Application Information

There are many situations in which a device needs to be initialized or held off for a short time at system turn-on. This application of the CL74AUP1G17 utilizes the delay created in an RC circuit to hold a line low for a short time when the system is first started, then maintains the line high while the system operates. The CL74AUP1G17 is ideal for this application because it must be tied directly to the primary supply for correct operation and is designed to draw minimal supply current during operation

Typical Application

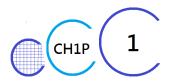


Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Take care to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits. The drive strength also creates fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing.

Detailed Design Procedure

- 1. Recommended Input conditions:
 - For specified high and low levels, see (V_{T+} and V_{T-}) in the Electrical Characteristics table.
 - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as (V_1 max) in the Recommended Operating Conditions table at any valid V_{CC} .
- 2. Recommended output conditions:
 - Load currents should not exceed (I_0 max) per output and should not exceed (Continuous current through V_{CC} or GND) total current for the part. These limits are located in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table.



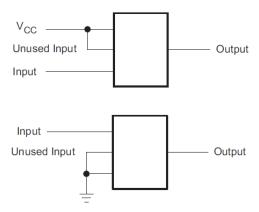
Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the Min and Max supply voltage rating located in the Recommended Operating Conditions table. Each VCC pin should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, 0.1 μF is recommended; if there are multiple VCC pins, then 0.01 μF or 0.022 μF is recommended for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. A 0.1 μF and a 1 μF are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.

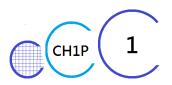
Layout Considerations

When using multiple-bit logic devices, inputs should never float.

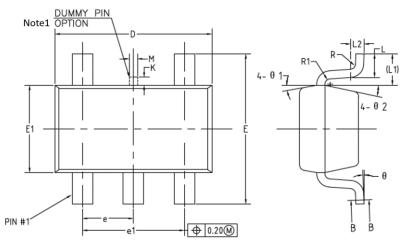
In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused, for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. Below figure specifies the rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or VCC, whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is generally acceptable to float outputs, unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output enable pin, it will disable the output section of the part when asserted. This will not disable the input section of the I/Os, so they cannot float when disabled.

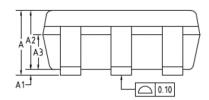






Package Information SOT23-5





COMMON DIMENSIONS (UNITS OF MEASURE=MILLIMETER)

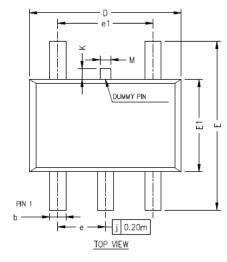
	SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
	Α	ı	1	1.25
	A1	0	ı	0.15
	A2	1.00	1.10	1.20
	A3	0.60	0.65	0.70
4	Ф	0.34	-	0.45
A A A	b1	0.34	0.38	0.41
҈Ѧ	С	0.12	ı	0.20
A	c1	0.12	0.15	0.16
	D	2.826	2.926	3.026
	E	2.60	2.80	3.00
ß	E1	1.526	1.626	1.700
	е	0.90	0.95	1.00
	e1	1.80	1.90	2.00
⇗	K	0	-	0.20
		0.30	0.40	0.60
	L1		0.59REF	
	L2		0.25BSC	
◬	М	0.10	0.15	0.20
	R	0.05	1	0.20
	R1	0.05		0.20
	θ	0.		8"
	θ 1	8*	10°	12°
	θ 2	10°	12 °	14*

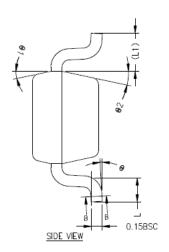
Notes: 1. Dummy pin may differ or may not be present.

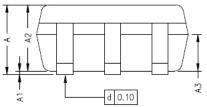




Package Information SC70







COMMON DIMENSIONS
(UNITS OF MEASURE=MILLIMETER)

	SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
	A	0.80	_	1.10
	A1	0	_	0.10
	A2	0.80	0.90	1.00
	A3	0.40	0.50	0.60
	b	0.17	_	0.30
	Ь1	0.17	0.22	0.25
ß	С	0.12	ı	0.20
ß	c1	0.12	0.15	0.16
	D	2.02	2.07	2.12
	E	2.20	2.30	2.40
	E1	1.21	1.26	1.31
	е	0.60	0.65	0.70
	e1	1.20	1.30	1.40
	L	0.26	0.33	0.46
	L1		0.52REF	
2	М	0.10	0.15	0.20
<u> </u>	K	0	_	0.20
	9	ò	-	8,
	9 1	10°	12*	14⁺
	9 2	10*	12*	14*